### Damp Tolerable Epoxy DPM



Revision: 3.89- 01<sup>st</sup> May 2024 Code: 810-5

#### INTRODUCTION

Newton Epoxy DPM is a two-part, solvent-free, damp-tolerable and epoxy-based damp-proof membrane that suppresses residual construction moisture and rising dampness in concrete and sand/cement screeds and can be used in situations where the relative humidity level is above 85%. The cured coating features extremely high resistance to capillary moisture and water vapour and is suitable as a gas barrier for both carbon dioxide and methane to the requirements of BS 8485. It is applied by brush or roller in two coats and can be applied just 7 days after concrete placement. Where the concrete surface is very open, or where the screed is dusting slightly, apply one coat of the lower viscosity Newton Epoxy Primer to reduce suction and consolidate the surface.

The high quality, low viscosity formulation is suitable for application to damp substrates, allowing for speedy application of flooring, coatings, membranes, levelling compounds and screeds. Epoxy DPM is quick and simple to use as it is applied by brush or roller in one or two coats, dependent on substrate relative humidity, and is a key component of the <a href="Newton NewCoat System">NewCoat System</a> for delivering a hard-wearing and waterproof coating for internal flooring applications.

#### **APPLICATION**

















#### **PROPERTIES**

H - Hardness and Durability; E - Elasticity and Flexibility; V - Vapour Resistivity; C - Curing and Drying; W - Working Time

W E C H V

#### **PACKAGING**



A & B components - within two containers

#### **KEY BENEFITS**

- · Very damp tolerable
- Can be applied to concrete and screed 7 days after placement
- Solvent-free
- Excellent vapour barrier
- High-bond DPM that provides a barrier to vapour and prevents osmotic blistering
- Excellent resistance to carbon dioxide and methane gasses

### **METHOD OF APPLICATION**

- Brush
  Short hair roller
- Squeegee (application only, not finishing)

#### **SPECIALIST TOOLS REQUIRED**

No specialist tools required.

#### **COVERAGE**



#### **SUITABLE SUBSTRATE**

Correctly formed, compacted and prepared:

- Concrete of at least 7 days old
- Screed of at least 7 days old
- Internal or fully covered areas only

#### **TYPICAL APPLICATIONS**

Priming of damp, non-porous concrete and screed to provide a DPM and vapour barrier, prior to the application of moisture-sensitive flooring, coatings, membranes, levelling compounds and screed:

- Covered car parks
- Warehousing and storage
- Garages
- Plant rooms

### Damp Tolerable Epoxy DPM

TECHNICAL DATA								
Features	Result				Units			
Form – Two component	Low viscosity epoxy resin							
Colour	Black							
Specific gravity	1.10							
Product weight	5.0 kg							
Packaged weight	5.2 kg					kg		
Yield per kg	0.9		litres					
Application rate - First coat	0.25 to 0.28*					kg/m²		
Application rate - Further coats or over Epoxy Primer	0.20		kg/m²					
Shelf life	12					Months		
Pot life @ 20°C & RH of 40%	20					Minutes		
Minimum application temperature - Substrate	+8 (and rising) °C					°C		
Maximum application temperature - Air & Substrate	+30					°C		
Service temperature	-15 to +50 °C					°C		
Odour	Ammonia smell when mixing							
VOC content	< 100 g/l				g/litre			
Drying***	8°C	10°C	15°C	20°C	25°C	Units		
Inter-coat adhesion window	15-48	13-40	12-30	11-28	9-24	Hours		
Ready for temporary foot traffic	16	14	14	12	10	Hours		
Cured Performance	Result	Result Units			Test Method			
Colour	Black							
Membrane thickness - First coat	0.23		mm					
Membrane thickness - Further coats	0.23		mm					
Adhesion to concrete (>B2.0)	3.5		MPa		BS EN 13892-8			
Water vapour transmission rate – UK Perm	0.097		g/m²/24 hrs		EN 1504-2			
Water vapour diffusion resistance – Sd value	147.58		m		Calculated from UK Perm			
Water vapour diffusion resistance – μ value	451656		μ		Calculated from UK Perm			
Water vapour diffusion resistance	737.90		MNs/g		Calculated from UK Perm			
Methane permeability	1.02**		ml/m2/d		ISO 15105-1			
CO <sub>2</sub> permeability	1.35**		ml/m2/d		ISO 15105-1			
Reaction to fire classification – Not determined	F				Euroclass	5		

The above data, even if carried out according to regulated tests are indicative and they may change when specific site conditions vary. \*Depending on substrate porosity. \*\* At normal thickness of 0.5mm. \*\*\*Figures are influenced by humidity also and so are indicative.

### Damp Tolerable Epoxy DPM

#### **ANCILLARY PRODUCTS**

Dusting or very porous surfaces should be first sealed with a single coat of Newton Epoxy Primer.

#### **SYSTEMS**

Epoxy DPM is a component of:

The <u>Newton NewCoat System</u> for the sealing, coating and protection of screed and concrete surfaces that are subject to mechanical and chemical wearing agents from above, and from dampness below.

Equally suitable as both a damp-tolerable primer and a damp-tolerable DPM.

#### **SPECIFICATION**

Newton Waterproofing Systems work in partnership with RIBA NBS and <u>NBS Source</u>, which integrates into project workflows, providing all product data from Newton's NBS BIM Objects, NBS Plus Clauses and RIBA Product Selector into one single source of product information.

NBS Source also hosts a large selection of Newton <u>case</u> <u>studies</u>, as well as product <u>literature and certifications</u>. A wide range of drawings are available <u>on our website</u>.

#### LIFE EXPECTANCY & PROTECTION

Life expectancy is equal to that of the surface it is applied to or the coating applied above. If used as a DPM and fully protected, the product has a life expectancy equal to the substrate it is applied to.

If the wear expectations are high, one or two protective coats of <u>Newton Epoxy Primer</u> is recommended and we suggest the O&M manual requests inspection at appropriate intervals. Please speak with the installing contractor or our Technical Team for advice.

#### TRAINING AND COMPETENCY OF THE USER

Epoxy DPM should only be used by those with an understanding and experience in the use of two-part resins applied to floors.

#### **PACKAGING**

The product consists of two parts, A and B, both of which are measured and ready to be mixed:

**5KG PACKAGING** 

- Part A (tin of resin) 3.19 kg
- Part B (tin of hardener) 1.81 kg

#### **APPLICATION RATE**

To a thickness of 0.23 mm (230 microns) per coat, which requires an application rate of 0.20 to 0.28 kg/m<sup>2</sup> depending on surface porosity.

#### **COVERAGE**

To grit blasted and textured surfaces, approximately 3.5 m<sup>2</sup> per kg per coat for the first coat and up to 5 m<sup>2</sup> per kg per coat for the second coat or where applied over Newton Epoxy Primer. Coverage will vary according to the texture, porosity and evenness of the surface on which the DPM is being applied.

#### **NUMBER OF COATS REQUIRED**

Two coats of Epoxy DPM are required where the relative humidity level of the screed is higher than 85%. For RH levels between 75% and 85%, use one coat of Epoxy DPM. For applications requiring ground gas performance, two coats to a total dry-film thickness of 0.5mm are required (minimum of 0.55 kg/m²).

#### CONSTRUCTION

The construction should conform with current Building Regulations, British Standards and relevant Codes of Practice. New concrete/screed must be at least 7 days old.

#### **SURFACE PREPARATION - CONCRETE FLOORS**

With both new and existing concrete surfaces, the surface should be ground with floor grinding/grit blasting machines to remove laitance.

Vacuum clean after grinding.

Surface cracks and shallow damage should be filled. Hairline cracks will be filled by the product. In all cases the surface must be clean, and free from dust, laitance, oils, paints or other forms of contamination.

Large holes and deeper surface damage should be cut out and filled with <u>HydroCoat 203-RM</u>.

#### **SURFACE PREPARATION - SCREEDS**

Remove surface laitance by light sanding with a suitable pad or disc. All dust must be removed by vacuum.

Epoxy DPM may be applied to screeds with a moisture level of less than 87% RH. If the moisture level in the screed is above this, further drying must be carried out according to the manufacturer's instructions.

#### **SURFACE PREPARATION - METAL**

Surfaces should be cleaned and abraded to give a mechanical key.

Ferrous metals should be free from rust and primed with an anti-oxidation primer.

### Damp Tolerable Epoxy DPM

#### **MIXING**

Newton Waterproofing supply the full range of <u>Collomix Mixing Equipment</u> that includes Hand Mixers, Stirrers, Mixing Stands, Buckets, Transport Carts and the Mixer Clean mixing bucket.

Epoxy DPM can be mixed with the LX 90 stirrers, matched to the Xo 1 Hand Mixers. A low-speed drill can also be used. **DO NOT HAND MIX**.

- Place the hardener (Part B) into the resin (Part A). Scrape the bottom and sides so that all of the hardener is mixed into the resin
- Mix for two minutes using the LX 90 stirrer

Ensure that the bottom and sides are thoroughly scraped, transfer the entire contents of the hardener container into the resin container.

#### **APPLICATION**

Once mixing is complete, transfer the mixed Epoxy DPM into a roller tray and, using a medium-pile simulated sheepskin roller, apply it evenly over the surface

For best results, pour the mixed product onto the substrate in small quantities and quickly roller it out.

Alternatively, a squeegee can be used to place the product.

- Pour mixed material evenly within marked bays
- Use a squeegee to evenly distribute the product material over the specified area. Check thickness with a wet film gauge
- Use a roller to ensure an even finish
- Brushes can be used for detailing

Wet film gauges are available from Newton Waterproofing Systems by request.

#### **CLEANING**

Wipe excess product from tools and equipment with a rag and then clean with xylene.

Hardened product can only be removed mechanically.

#### **POT LIFE & WORKING TIME**

At 20°C Epoxy DPM has a working time of 20 minutes but a pot life of 15-20 minutes. If the product is not used within 15 minutes, decant it into smaller tins.

WARNING: Mixing of the hardener with the resin results in an exothermic chemical reaction. Leaving too much product in the tin for too long will result in the product and the tin becoming very hot.

**NOTE**: Although the exothermic reaction is the main determinant of pot life, the ambient temperature will also have an effect, with the pot life reducing further in warmer and hotter conditions.

#### WARM CONDITIONS

If Epoxy DPM is to be applied in very warm or hot conditions, the application should be planned so as to minimise the effects of excessive air and substrate temperature. The main issue with warm working is pot and working life, although on very damp substrate, rising temperatures can run the risk of outgassing of the moisture within the substrate causing pin-holes in the freshly applied DPM:

- Do not apply when the air or surface temperature is at 30°C and rising
- Consider purchasing Epoxy DPM in white to reflect sunlight or use the clear Newton Epoxy Primer instead
- Start the application in the afternoon, as the temperatures are starting to fall to avoid outgassing issues
- Store in cool shaded areas and only bring out into the open as needed consider site refrigeration
- Mix under shade if possible, shade the working areas

#### **OVER-COATING**

Application of further coats of Epoxy DPM should be at 90° to the first coat and must be carried out within the inter-coat adhesion window shown on page 2.

If it is not possible to apply the Epoxy DPM within that window, a mechanical key is required. This can be achieved by lightly abrading the surface of the cured product. Please bear this in mind when planning the project.

Where Epoxy DPM is applied over a primer of Newton Epoxy Primer, this must also be applied within the intercoat adhesion window. If this is not achieved, abrading or 100% broadcasting with sand, to create a mechanical key, will be required.

#### **DRYING TIMES**

For curing/drying times please see the Technical Data Table on page 2.

#### **LIMITATIONS**

Internal spaces may be space-heated to ensure the correct working temperature is achieved.

- Minimum substrate temperature must be of +8°C and rising
- Do not apply at air or substrate temperatures higher than +30°C
- Not UV stable
- Not suitable for uncovered, external application

#### **COLOUR**

Black.

Other colours are available on request. Lead times will vary so please provide as much notice as possible.

Variable minimum order quantities will also apply, so please check with the Newton Sales Team.

Colours are based on the RAL colour pigment used, not the finished product. The exact colour is slightly lighter.

#### **STORAGE**

Store in dry conditions at temperatures between +5°C and +30°C with containers fully sealed. Do not expose to freezing conditions.

If these conditions are maintained and the product packaging is unopened, then a shelf life of up to 12 months can be expected.

#### **GAS BARRIER TO BS 8485**

Epoxy DPM also acts as a gas barrier in accordance with BS 8485 2019 Section 7, which states that a methane gas transmission rate of < 40.0 ml/day/m²/atm (average) for sheet and joints (tested in accordance with the manometric method in BS ISO 15105-1:2007) is usually considered sufficient.

At 0.5mm thickness the Epoxy DPM achieves a methane transmission rate of just 1.02 ml.mm/m².day.atm and a carbon dioxide transmission rate of 1.35 ml.mm/m².day. atm. The liquid-applied nature of the product means that there are no laps which require sealing on site and are often the cause of defects.

#### **HEALTH & SAFETY**

Product should only be used as directed. The Safety Data Sheet (SDS) should be carefully read prior to application of the material.

The SDS is available upon request from Newton Waterproofing or online via our website. Please see contact details below.

Use appropriate PPE for the environment the system is installed within. Use products only as stated within this Technical Data Sheet and the SDS.

#### **WARNINGS**

- Monitor the product in the tin to ensure it is not overheating
- Do not leave the tin upside down on the substrate





Newton Waterproofing Systems Newton House 17-19 Sovereign Way Tonbridge Kent TN9 1RH 810-DPM EN 13813:2002

Two component moisture tolerant epoxy resin primer. According to EN 13813: SR-B2.0

Essential characteristics	Declared performance	Test standard	Harmonised Technical Standard
Release of corrosive substances	SR	(EN 13813, 5.3.5)	
Water permeability	NPD		
Wear resistance	NPD	EN 13892-4	
Bond strength	>B2.0	EN 13892-8	
Impact resistance	>IR10	EN ISO 6272	EN 13813:2002
Reaction to fire	NPD		
Sound absorption	NPD		
Thermal resistance	NPD		
Chemical resistance	NPD		

Any specification/advice provided is only valid if used with products supplied by John Newton and Company Ltd (trading as Newton Waterproofing Systems). Newton Waterproofing Systems reserve the right to update product literature at any time. Please always refer to our <u>website</u> for the latest versions.